# ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court of Jackson County Edna, Texas

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, Texas (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, Texas, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement due date, including any currently know information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension and OPEB information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 30, 2023, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Waco, Texas July 25, 2023

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

As management of Jackson County, Texas, we offer readers of Jackson County, Texas' financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Jackson County, Texas for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The assets and deferred outflows of Jackson County, Texas exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows
  at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$19,000,474 (net position). Of this amount, \$5,186,538
  (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and
  creditors.
- The government's total net position increased by \$1,378,043. This increase is attributable to an increase in capital grants and contributions as well as a reduction in pension expense as a result of the County's net pension liability converting to a net pension asset during the current year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Jackson County, Texas' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,993,270, an increase of \$281,091 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 53% of this total amount, \$5,803,223 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$5,803,223, or 57% percent of total general fund expenditures.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Jackson County, Texas' basic financial statements. Jackson County, Texas' basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements:** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Jackson County, Texas' finances, in a manner like a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of Jackson County, Texas' assets, and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Jackson County, Texas is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Jackson County, Texas that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of Jackson County, Texas include general administration, public safety, environmental protection, public transportation, health and welfare, public facilities, legal, elections, financial administration, conservation, capital projects, and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of Jackson County, Texas include an airport fund, and a commissary fund.

The government-wide financial statements include only Jackson County, Texas itself (known as the primary government).

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Jackson County, Texas, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintained 31 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Road and Bridge Fund, the Coastal Impact Assistance Fund, and the American Rescue Plan Fund, all of which are major funds. Data from the other twenty-seven (27) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Jackson County, Texas adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general and road and bridge funds, and this report includes a budgetary comparison schedule for each.

Jackson County, Texas also has custodial funds presented in this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning Jackson County, Texas' progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and post-retirement benefits to its employees.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with the general fund, the major road and bridge funds, the non-major governmental funds, and the non-major proprietary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Jackson County, Texas, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$19,000,474 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A large portion of Jackson County, Texas' net position (48%) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, infrastructure, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. Jackson County, Texas uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Jackson County, Texas' investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

TABLE 1
JACKSON COUNTY, TEXAS
NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities					Totals			
		2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Current and other assets Capital assets, net Total assets	\$ 	19,487,197 7,666,989 27,154,186	\$ 	14,434,398 6,990,843 21,425,241	\$ 	171,639 1,445,109 1,616,748	\$ -	163,617 1,575,827 1,739,444	\$ 	19,658,836 9,112,098 28,770,934	\$ 	14,598,015 8,566,670 23,164,685
Deferred outflows - pensions Deferred outflows - OPEB Total deferred outflows	_	965,853 30,565	_	1,697,916 36,299	_	-	_	<u>-</u>	_	965,853 30,565	_	1,697,916 36,299
of resources	_	996,418	_	1,734,215	_		_		_	996,418	_	1,734,215
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	_	4,020,191 1,824,504 5,844,695	_	2,293,997 3,838,884 6,132,881	_	4,743 - 4,743	-	525 - 525	_	4,024,934 1,824,504 5,849,438	_	2,294,522 3,838,884 6,133,406
Deferred inflows - pensions Deferred inflows - OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	_	4,130,682 786,758 4,917,440	_	980,263 162,800 1,143,063	_	<u>-</u> -	_	- - -	_	4,130,682 786,758 4,917,440	_	980,263 162,800 1,143,063
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	_	7,666,989 4,701,838 5,019,642	_	6,956,283 5,088,713 3,838,516		1,445,109 - 166,896	_	1,575,827 - 163,092		9,112,098 4,701,838 5,186,538	_	8,532,110 5,088,713 4,001,608
Total net position	\$ <u>_</u>	17,388,469	\$	15,883,512	\$_	1,612,005	\$_	1,738,919	\$	19,000,474	\$_	17,622,431

An additional portion of Jackson County, Texas' net position (25%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. At the end of the current fiscal year, Jackson County, Texas reported a positive balance in the governmental and business activities. For the prior fiscal year, Jackson County, Texas reported positive balances in net position, for the government, as well as for its separate governmental and business activities.

## TABLE 2 JACKSON COUNTY, TEXAS CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-type Activities		Totals			
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 1,586,169	\$ 2,012,639	\$ 25,037	\$ 24,097	\$ 1,611,206	\$ 2,036,736		
Operating grants	, , ,	, , ,	,			, , ,		
and contributions	1,994,767	1,605,204	_	-	1,994,767	1,605,204		
Capital grants								
and contributions	773,765	( 7,652)	-	921,635	773,765	913,983		
General revenues:		, , ,						
Property taxes	10,799,244	10,462,148	_	-	10,799,244	10,462,148		
Sales taxes	1,582,284	1,306,669	-	-	1,582,284	1,306,669		
Other taxes	12,197	43,419	-	-	12,197	43,419		
Investment income	100,524	16,384	1,216	167	101,740	16,551		
Other	96,880	292,921			96,880	292,921		
Total revenues	16,945,830	15,731,732	26,253	945,899	16,972,083	16,677,631		
						<del></del>		
Expenses:								
General administration	1,574,118	1,672,320	_	-	1,574,118	1,672,320		
Judicial	1,681,201	1,514,699	_	-	1,681,201	1,514,699		
Legal	11,393	8,582	-	-	11,393	8,582		
Financial administration	980,890	1,024,842	-	-	980,890	1,024,842		
Public facilities	959,775	515,983	_	-	959,775	515,983		
Public safety	4,915,755	5,023,543	_		4,915,755	5,023,543		
Public transportation	3,029,918	3,010,116	-	-	3,029,918	3,010,116		
Environmental protection	1,835,982	1,776,811	-	-	1,835,982	1,776,811		
Culture and recreation	280,159	267,491	-		280,159	267,491		
Health and welfare	72,194	72,676	-	-	72,194	72,676		
Conservation - agriculture	99,488	98,955	-	-	99,488	98,955		
Interest and fiscal charges	-	1,044	-	-	-	1,044		
Airport	-	-	142,336	170,382	142,336	170,382		
Jail commissary			10,831	9,290	10,831	9,290		
Total expenses	15,440,873	14,987,062	153,167	179,672	15,594,040	15,166,734		
Change in net position	1,504,957	744,670	( 126,914)	766,227	1,378,043	1,510,897		
Net position, beginning	15,883,512	15,138,842	1,738,919	972,692	17,622,431	16,111,534		
Net position, ending	\$ <u>17,388,469</u>	\$ <u>15,883,512</u>	\$ <u>1,612,005</u>	\$ <u>1,738,919</u>	\$ <u>19,000,474</u>	\$ <u>17,622,431</u>		

The government's total net position increased by \$1,378,043. This increase is attributable an increase in ad valorem taxes, an increase in Capital Grants and Contributions, and careful budget management.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, Jackson County, Texas uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

### **Governmental Funds:**

The focus of Jackson County, Texas' governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Jackson County, Texas' financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Jackson County, Texas' governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,993,270, an increase of \$281,091 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 53% of this total amount \$5,803,223 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of Jackson County, Texas. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$5,803,223, while total fund balance reached \$7,489,440. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 57% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 73% of that same amount. The fund balance of Jackson County, Texas' general fund increased by \$711,988 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this increase included an increase in ad valorem taxes and careful budget management.

The road and bridge fund had a total fund balance of \$1,418,622, a decrease of \$271,998 from the prior year. A key factor in this decrease was the rising cost of road materials during the year.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget for the general fund were an increase of in revenue of \$716,034, primarily from intergovernmental revenue related to grants. The major increase in expenditures is in the Sheriff department which increased by \$656,593. This included such items as overtime, fuel, repairs, and capital expenditures.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

Jackson County, Texas' investment in capital assets for its governmental activities and business-type activities as of September 30, 2022, amounts to \$9,112,098 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and infrastructure items such as roads and bridges.

	Governmer	ntal A	ctivities	Business-Type Activities				Total			
	2022		2021	2022		2021		2022		2021	
Land	\$ 409,943	\$	409,943	\$	70,254	\$	70,254	\$	480,197	\$	480,197
Construction in progress	645,512		248,801		-		-		645,512		248,801
Infrastructure	3,187,591		2,601,438		1,279,557		1,397,449		4,467,148		3,998,887
Buildings and improvements	1,470,019		1,640,430		55,950		64,412		1,525,969		1,704,842
Machinery and eqiupment	 1,953,924	_	2,090,231		39,348		43,712	_	1,993,272		2,133,943
Total	\$ 7,666,989	\$	6,990,843	\$	1,445,109	\$_	1,575,827	\$	9,112,098	\$	8,566,670

Additional information regarding the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

### **Long-term Debt**

At the end of the current fiscal year, Jackson County, Texas had no bonded debt.

#### **Economic Factors**

As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus and the impact on the oil & gas industry, ranching, and farming, economic uncertainties have arisen which may negatively affect the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the County. The duration of these uncertainties and the ultimate financial effects cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

### **CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the County's business office, at Jackson County, Texas, 411 N. Wells, Room 201, Edna, Texas 77957.



## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Primary Government								
		Governmental	isiness-type						
ASSETS	_	Activities		Activities		Total			
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net Due from other governments Prepaid items	\$	13,901,217 2,002,278 400 480,099	\$	166,071 1,618 - 3,950	\$	14,067,288 2,003,896 400 484,049			
Net pension asset Capital assets: Nondepreciable		3,103,203 1,055,455		- 70,254		3,103,203 1,125,709			
Net depreciable		6,611,534		1,374,855		7,986,389			
Total assets	_	27,154,186		1,616,748	_	28,770,934			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred outflows - pensions		965,853		-		965,853			
Deferred outflows - OPEB		30,565		-		30,565			
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	996,418		-	_	996,418			
LIABILITIES	-	_		_	-	_			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued salaries payable		230,503 243,468		110		230,613 243,468			
Due to others		242,366		-		242,366			
Unearned revenues Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year:		3,303,854		4,633		3,308,487			
Compensated absences  Due in more than one year:		38,890		-		38,890			
Compensated absences		155,562		-		155,562			
Total OPEB liability	-	1,630,052			_	1,630,052			
Total liabilities	-	5,844,695		4,743	-	5,849,438			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred inflows - pensions		4,130,682		-		4,130,682			
Deferred inflows - OPEB	-	786,758	_	-	-	786,758			
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	4,917,440			-	4,917,440			
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets  Restricted for:		7,666,989		1,445,109		9,112,098			
Grants Special projects		375,885 1,656,868		-		375,885 1,656,868			
Permanent improvement		1,250,463		-		1,250,463			
Public transportation		1,418,622		-		1,418,622			
Unrestricted	-	5,019,642	_	166,896	-	5,186,538			
Total net position	\$_	17,388,469	\$	1,612,005	\$	19,000,474			

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

			Program Revenue						
Functions/Programs		Expenses	(	Charges for Services	(	Operating Grants and ontributions		pital Grants and ontributions	
Primary government		•							
Governmental activities:									
General administration	\$	1,574,118	\$	625,959	\$	99,959	\$	_	
Judicial	•	1,681,201	·	413,554	•	96,059	·	-	
Legal		11,393		7,740		-		-	
Financial administration		980,890		18,762		-		-	
Public facilities		959,775		11,642		50,000		773,765	
Public safety		4,325,287		63,554		977,716		-	
Public transportation		3,029,918		436,944		753,824		-	
Environmental protection		2,426,450		-		-		-	
Culture and recreation		280,159		7,743		2,987		-	
Health and welfare		72,194		271		14,222		-	
Conservation - agriculture	_	99,488	_				_		
Total governmental activities		15,440,873	_	1,586,169	_	1,994,767	_	773,765	
Business-type activities:									
Airport		142,336		7,384		-		-	
Jail commissary		10,831		17,653		_		-	
Total business-type activities		153,167	_	25,037	_	-	_	-	
Total primary government	\$	15,594,040	\$_	1,611,206	\$	1,994,767	\$	773,765	

## **General revenues:**

Property taxes Sales taxes Other taxes Investment income Other

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes	in	Position
-----------------------------------	----	----------

Governmental Activities			iness-type ctivities		Total
\$(	848,200)	\$	-	\$(	848,200)
(	1,171,588)		-	(	1,171,588)
(	3,653)		-	(	3,653)
(	962,128)		-	(	962,128)
(	124,368)		-	(	124,368)
(	3,284,017)		-	(	3,284,017)
(	1,839,150)		-	(	1,839,150)
(	2,426,450) 269,429)		_	(	2,426,450) 269,429)
(	57,701)		_	(	57,701)
(	99,488)		_	(	99,488)
(	11,086,172)			<u></u>	11,086,172)
	11,000,172)				11,000,172)
	-	(	134,952)	(	134,952)
			6,822		6,822
		(	128,130)	(	128,130)
(	11,086,172)	(	128,130)	(	11,214,302)
	10 700 244				10,799,244
	10,799,244 1,582,284		_		1,582,284
	12,197		_		12,197
	100,524		1,216		101,740
	96,880		-		96,880
	12,591,129		1,216		12,592,345
	1,504,957	(	126,914)		1,378,043
	15,883,512	1	1,738,919		17,622,431
\$	17,388,469	\$ <u> </u>	L,612,005	\$	19,000,474

## BALANCE SHEET

## GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

ACCETC		General Fund		Road and Bridge		Coastal Impact Assistance
ASSETS	_	7 227 252	_	1 200 001	_	4 220 262
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,337,253	\$	1,309,981	\$	1,230,362
Receivables, net		850,642		180,775		22,655
Prepaids		435,754		41,890		-
Due from other funds		196,386		-		-
Due from others		400	_		_	
Total assets	_	8,820,435	_	1,532,646	_	1,253,017
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		109,198		28,265		79,581
Accrued wages payable		203,133		40,010		-
Due to other funds		-		45,749		-
Due to others		9,775		-		-
Unearned revenue		436,992			_	
Total liabilities	_	759,098	_	114,024	_	79,581
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		571,897		-		-
Unavailable revenue-grants		-		-		22,655
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	571,897		-	_	22,655
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaids		435,754		-		-
Restricted:						
Grants		-		-		-
Special projects		-		-		1,150,781
Permanent improvement		1,250,463		-		-
Public transportation		-		1,418,622		-
Unassigned		5,803,223			_	
Total fund balances		7,489,440		1,418,622	_	1,150,781
Total liabilities, fund balances, and						
deferred inflows of resources	\$	8,820,435	\$	1,532,646	\$_	1,253,017

	American Rescue Plan (ARP)	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
\$ _ _	2,886,588 - - - - - - 2,886,588	\$ 1,137,033 271,825 2,455 - - 1,411,313	\$ 13,901,217 1,325,897 480,099 196,386 400 15,903,999
_	- - - - 2,866,862 2,866,862	13,459 325 150,637 232,591 ————————————————————————————————————	230,503 243,468 196,386 242,366 3,303,854 4,216,577
_		99,600	671,497 22,655 694,152
	-	52,455	488,209
_	19,726 - - - - - 19,726	356,159 506,087 - - - - 914,701	375,885 1,656,868 1,250,463 1,418,622 5,803,223 10,993,270
\$_	2,886,588	\$ <u>1,411,313</u>	\$ <u>15,903,999</u>

## RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

## SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	10,993,270
Certain accounts receivable, net of related allowance, are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Court fines receivable, net Grants		676,381 22,655
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.  Nondepreciable capital assets  Depreciable capital assets  Accumulated depreciation	(	1,055,455 22,286,240 15,674,706)
Other long term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.  Delinquent property taxes		671,497
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes and net differences between projected and actual earnings and contributions susequent to the measurement date for postretirement benefits (pension and OPEB) are recognized as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position.		
Deferred outflows - pension related		965,853
Deferred outflows - OPEB related	,	30,565
Deferred inflows - pension related Deferred inflows - OPEB related	(	4,130,682) 786,758)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences payable	(	194,452)
Net pension asset		3,103,203
Total OPEB liability	<u>(</u>	1,630,052)
Net position of governmental activities	\$_	17,388,469

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		General Fund	l Road and Bridge			Coastal Impact Assistance	
REVENUES							
Taxes: Property Sales Other Intergovernmental	\$	9,433,136 1,582,284 12,197 626,655	\$	- - - 398,099	\$	- - - 366,894	
Charges for services Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Investment income		35,916 32,827 1,161,106 49,434		144,491 422,129 - 13,891		- - - 13,168	
Miscellaneous Total revenues	=	58,266 12,991,821	_	33,024 1,011,634	_	380,062	
EXPENDITURES Current:							
General administration Judicial Legal		1,569,684 1,653,528		- - -		- - -	
Financial administration Public facilities Public safety		1,042,821 569,622 4,486,159		- - -		- - -	
Public transportation Environmental protection Culture and recreation		527,744 198,126		3,340,958 - -		- 598,224 9,034	
Health and welfare Conservation - agriculture	_	70,694 102,826					
Total expenditures  EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	_	10,221,204		3,340,958	_	607,258	
OVER EXPENDITURES	-	2,770,617	<u>(</u>	2,329,324)	(	227,196)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	<u>(</u>	- 2,058,629)	<u>(</u>	2,505,686 448,360)	_	<u>-</u>	
Total other financing sources and uses	<u>(</u>	2,058,629)		2,057,326	_		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		711,988	(	271,998)	(	227,196)	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	-	6,777,452	_	1,690,620	_	1,377,977	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$_	7,489,440	\$	1,418,622	\$_	1,150,781	

	American Rescue		Nonmajor	Total						
F	Plan (ARP)	G	overnmental	G	overnmental					
\$	-	\$	1,314,090	\$	10,747,226					
	-		-		1,582,284					
	-		-		12,197					
	95		1,053,357		2,445,100					
	-		62,247		242,654					
	-		-		454,956					
	-		160,592		1,321,698					
	18,536		5,495		100,524					
	- -		5,590		96,880					
	18,631		2,601,371		17,003,519					
	10,031		2,001,571		17,005,515					
	-		38,326		1,608,010					
	-		78,855		1,732,383					
	-		11,393		11,393					
	-		-		1,042,821					
	95		740,728		1,310,445					
	-		356,633		4,842,792					
	-		-		3,340,958					
	-		1,315,825		2,441,793					
	-		9,653		216,813					
	-		1,500		72,194					
	_		_		102,826					
	95		2,552,913		16,722,428					
					<u> </u>					
	18,536		48,458		281,091					
	<u> </u>		·							
	-		1,303		2,506,989					
	-		-	(	2,506,989)					
			1,303							
	18,536		49,761		281,091					
_	1,190		864,940	_	10,712,179					
\$	19,726	\$	914,701	\$	10,993,270					

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	281,091
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.  Capital outlay Depreciation expense Net effect of capital disposals	(	1,659,876 972,213) 11,517)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.  Unavailable revenue - delinquent property taxes  Unavailable revenue - court fines  Unavailable revenue - grants	(	52,018 132,362) 22,655
Net pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability and deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB liability are not reported in the governmental funds.  Net pension asset Total OPEB liability Deferred outflows - pensions Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - pensions Deferred inflows - OPEB	( ( (	4,466,126 633,153 732,063) 5,734) 3,150,419) 623,958)
Bonds and notes provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Principal payments		34,560
Some expenses reported in the Staement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.  Compensated absences, net change	<u>_</u>	16,256)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	1,504,957

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Enterpri	Total			
				Jail		Enterprise
	Airport			Commissary		Funds
ASSETS						
Current assets:	<b>.</b>	141.070	+	24.002	<b>+</b>	166.071
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net	\$	141,979 1,618	\$	24,092	\$	166,071 1,618
Prepaid expenses		3,950		_		3,950
Total current assets		147,547	_	24,092	-	171,639
Noncurrent assets:		= 17 / 0 17	_	/00_		27 27000
Capital assets:						
Land		70,254		-		70,254
Buildings and improvements, net		55,950		-		55,950
Machinery and equipment, net		39,348		-		39,348
Infrastructure, net		1,279,557	_	-		1,279,557
Total noncurrent assets		1,445,109	_			1,445,109
Total assets		1,592,656	_	24,092		1,616,748
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:				440		
Accounts payable		4.622		110		110
Unearned revenue		4,633	_			4,633
Total current liabilities		4,633	_	110		4,743
Total liabilities	-	4,633	_	110		4,743
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		1,445,109		-		1,445,109
Unrestricted		142,914	_	23,982		166,896
Total net position	\$	1,588,023	\$_	23,982	\$	1,612,005

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Business-Ty Airport	Activities Jail Commissary		Total Enterprise Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES	ф	F 766	4	17 652	ф	22 /10
Charges for services Intergovernmental	\$	5,766 1,618	\$	17,653 -	\$	23,419 1,618
Total operating revenues		7,384	-	17,653		25,037
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Supplies		2,228		10,831		13,059
Other services and charges		9,390		-		9,390
Depreciation	-	130,718	-	10.021	-	130,718
Total operating expenses		142,336	-	10,831		153,167
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		134,952)	-	6,822	(	128,130)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Investment income		1,143	-	73		1,216
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		1,143	-	73		1,216
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(	133,809)		6,895	(	126,914)
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING		1,721,832	-	17,087		1,738,919
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	1,588,023	\$	23,982	\$	1,612,005

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds					Total	
		Airport	Co	Jail mmissary	E	nterprise Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		•	<u> </u>				
Receipts from customers	\$	27,809	\$	,	\$	45,462	
Payments to suppliers  Net cash used by operating activities	7	11,721) 16,088	7	10,870) 6,783		22,591) 22,871	
Net cash used by operating activities	_	10/000	-	077.03		22/071	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		1 1 4 2		70		1 216	
Interest on investments	_	1,143	_	<u>73</u> 73	_	1,216 1,216	
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	1,143	-	/3	_	1,210	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH							
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		17,231		6,856		24,087	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING	_	124,748	_	17,236	_	141,984	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$_	141,979	\$_	24,092	\$	166,071	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET							
CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<b>.</b> ,	124.052)	_	6.000	1,	120 120)	
Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	\$(	134,952)	\$	6,822	\$(	128,130)	
used by operating activities:							
Depreciation		130,718		-		130,718	
Assets and liabilities: Decrease (increase) in receivables, net		16,065		_		16,065	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(	103)	(	39)	(	142)	
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue	_	4,360	_			4,360	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$_	16,088	\$_	6,783	\$	22,871	

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Trust Investment	State Fees	County Officer Accounts	Total Custodial Funds		
ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents  Total assets	\$ <u>293,017</u> <u>293,017</u>	\$ 66,329 66,329	\$1,065,771 1,065,771	\$ <u>1,425,117</u> <u>1,425,117</u>		
LIABILITIES  Due to others  Total liabilities	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	189,997 189,997	189,997 189,997		
NET POSITION  Restricted for:  Individuals and organizations  Total net position	293,017 \$ 293,017	66,329 \$ 66,329	875,774 \$ 875,774	1,235,120 \$ 1,235,120		

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

					County			Total
		Trust		State		Officer		Custodial
	Ir	nvestment		Fees	Accounts			Funds
INCREASES								
Contributions from judgements	\$	59,449	\$	_	\$	308,586	\$	368,035
Bonds received	т	-	т.	_	т	229,696	т	229,696
Fees collected		-		-		241,931		241,931
Taxes collected on behalf of taxing entities		-		-		49,023,156		49,023,156
Total increases		59,449		-		49,803,369	_	49,862,818
							_	<u>.                                      </u>
DECREASES								
Bonds refunded		-		-		144,133		144,133
Collections distributed		-		18,653		241,429		260,082
Cases disposed		-		-		223,349		223,349
Taxes disbursed to taxing entities	_	-		-	_	49,018,692	_	49,018,692
Total decreases	_			18,653	_	49,627,603	_	49,646,256
N== 1110p=10= (p=0p=10=) 111								
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		59,449	(	18,653)		175,766		216,562
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		•	`	, ,		,		•
NET POSITION - BEGINNING		233,568		84,982		700,008		1,018,558
TELL COLLINITY DEGLINATING	_		_	3 1,332	_	, 55,555	-	
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$_	293,017	\$	66,329	\$_	875,774	\$_	1,235,120

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting Entity

Jackson County operates under a County Judge – Commissioners' Court type of government and provides the following services throughout the County: public safety (fire, ambulance, and law enforcement), environmental protections (sanitation), public transportation (highways and roads), health and welfare, culture and recreation, conservation (agriculture), public facilities, judicial and legal, election functions, and general and financial administrative services. The accounting policies of Jackson County, Texas, (the County) conform to generally accepted accounting principles.

The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The **government-wide financial statements** include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These statements present summaries of Governmental Activities for the County accompanied by a total column.

These statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the County are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions.

Certain eliminations have been made to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balances and changes in fund balances as presented in these statements to the net position and changes in net position presented in the Government-Wide financial statements. The County has presented all major funds that met those qualifications.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheets. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the County, are property tax, sales tax, intergovernmental revenues and charges for services. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The road and bridge fund accounts for the activities of the government's road and bridge operations. The flood control fund accounts for the activities of the government's environmental protection operations. The Coastal Impact Assistance fund accounts for monies held for coastal preservation. The American Rescue Plan fund accounts for monies held to help the County offset any losses it incurred as a result of the Covid virus.

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows for each major proprietary fund and for the non-major funds aggregated.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (whether current or noncurrent), and deferred inflows of resources are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total Net Position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Airport Fund are charges to customers for sales, rentals, and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds: The airport fund accounts for airport activities.

#### **B. Fiduciary Fund Types**

Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. As such, fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide statements. The County's fiduciary funds include the following: The County Officer Accounts, the Trust Investment fund, and the State Fees fund are all used to account for the fines and fees collected and remitted by the County Officers in the course of their operations.

## C. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund</u> Balance

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the Government and the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury. Investments for the Government are reported at fair value. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the County considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity when purchased of three months or less and all local government investment pools to be cash equivalents.

#### 2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. All property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The property tax receivable allowance is equal to a total of 2 percent of the current outstanding property taxes at September 30, 2022 and 10 percent of the delinquent outstanding property taxes at September 30, 2022. Property is appraised and a lien on such property becomes enforceable as of January 1, subject to certain procedures for rendition, appraisal, appraisal review and judicial review. Traditionally, property taxes are levied October 1, of the year in which assessed or as soon thereafter as practicable. Taxes are due and payable when levied since that is when the County bills the taxpayers. The County begins to collect the taxes as soon as the taxpayers are billed.

#### 3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of materials and supplies held by the General Fund are considered immaterial and thus are not accounted for on the Balance Sheet. In the General Fund, disbursements for supplies and materials are considered to be expenditures at the time of purchase. There were no inventory items at September 30, 2022. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost as follows and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Property and Equipment with a dollar value greater or equal to \$500 but less than \$1,000 are considered inventoried assets. These assets are inventoried for security purposes in the Fixed Asset System but not capitalized for depreciation purposes.

Buildings/building improvements	\$ 5,000
Improvements other than buildings	5,000
Infrastructure	125,000
Machinery, equipment and other assets	1,000

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	30-40
Improvements	20-40
System infrastructure	15-45
Vehicles	5-10
Office equipment	5-10
Computer equipment	5

#### 5. Compensated Absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the government does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in government-wide financial statements.

#### 6. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 7. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of September 30, 2022, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

**Nonspendable** – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** — amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

**Committed** — amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of Commissioners' Court. Commissioners' Court is the highest level of decision-making authority for the County. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by Commissioners' Court.

 ${\it Unassigned} - {\it all}$  other spendable amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless Commissioners' Court or the finance committee has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

In fiscal year 2011, the Commissioners' Court adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund. The policy requires the unassigned fund balance at fiscal year-end to be at least equal to 18 to 25 percent of the subsequent year's budgeted General Fund expenditures.

#### 8. Comparative data/reclassifications

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented only for individual enterprise funds in the fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations of these funds. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

#### 9. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows/inflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government only has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are deferred under GASB 68 and GASB 75.

The County reports unearned revenue on its fund financial statements. Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period (fund financial statements). Unearned revenues also arise when resources are unearned by the County and received before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures (fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements). In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the County has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the applicable financial statement and revenue is recognized. Pursuant to GASB 65 we have included deferred ad valorem taxes as deferred inflows in the fund financial statements.

#### 10. Net Position Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

#### II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Deficit fund equity

The County had no deficit fund balances at September 30, 2022.

#### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the County has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy does address the following risks:

Custodial credit risk - deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government has a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of September 30, 2022, the government's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk because it was fully insured by the U.S. Government and/or the State of Texas and/or is collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent. The fair market value of the securities pledged is \$31,848,545 and the FDIC coverage is \$250,000.

The Interlocal Cooperation Act, chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code, provide for the creation of public funds investment pools, such as TexPool and Texas Class, through which political subdivisions and other entities may invest public funds.

TexPool and Texas Class use amortized cost to value portfolio assets and follows the criteria for GASB Statement No. 79 for use of amortized cost. TexPool and Texas Class does not place any limitations or restrictions such as notice periods or maximum transaction amounts, on withdrawals.

All funds participate in a pooling of cash and investment income in order to maximize investment opportunities. Each fund may liquidate its equity in the pool on demand.

The County's investments are authorized by County resolutions, bond ordinances, and State statutes. The County is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies or instrumentalities; direct obligations of Texas and its agencies and instrumentalities; obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than A or its equivalent rating; insured or collateralized certificates of deposit; fully collateralized repurchase agreements; and government pools.

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The County's investments by fair value level are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. The County has no Level 1 investments (investments valued using prices quoted in active markets for identical securities) or Level 3 investments (investments valued using significant unobservable inputs). As of September 30, 2022, the County had the following investments:

Investment Type	Net	: Asset Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
TexPool Texas CLASS	\$	351,238 8,666,477	25 82
Total value	\$	9,017,715	

*Interest Rate Risk*. In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the average dollar-weighted maturity of its portfolio to a maximum of 365 days.

Concentration of credit risk: The County places no limit on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer. Texpool (4% of portfolio) and Texas Class (96% of portfolio).

Credit Risk. The County's investment policy is to apply the "prudent investor" standard: "Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived." As of September 30, 2022, the local investment pool - Texpool (4% of portfolio) was rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and Texas Class (96% of portfolio) was rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor funds, and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectable accounts, are as follows:

			(	Governmei	ntal Ad	ctivities		Other			
	(	General	Road & Bridge		Coastal Impact Assistance		Other Governmental Funds		Airport		Total
Receivables:											
Ad valorem taxes	\$	621,628	\$	-	\$	-	\$	112,698	\$	-	\$ 734,326
Sales tax		278,745		-		-		-		-	278,745
Intergovernmental		-		180,775		22,655		167,787		1,618	 372,835
Gross receivables		900,373		180,775		22,655		280,485		1,618	 1,385,906
Less: allowance for											
uncollectibles		(49,731)						(8,660)			 (58,391)
Net total receivables	\$	850,642	\$	180,775	\$	22,655	\$	271,825	\$	1,618	\$ 1,327,515

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 409,943	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 409,943
Construction in progress	248,801	1,286,468	889,757	645,512
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	658,744	1,286,468	889,757	1,055,455
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	6,426,242	-	-	6,426,242
Machinery and equipment	9,882,918	373,408	( 599,007)	9,657,319
Infrastructure	5,312,922	889,757		6,202,679
Total capital assets being depreciated	21,622,082	1,263,165	( 599,007)	22,286,240
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	( 4,785,812)	( 170,411)	-	( 4,956,223)
Machinery and equipment	( 7,792,687)	( 498,198)	587,490	(7,703,395)
Infrastructure	( 2,711,484)	( 303,604)	-	( 3,015,088)
Total accumulated depreciation	(15,289,983)	( 972,213)	587,490	(15,674,706)
. otal accamalacca acpresiation	<u>(13/23/333</u> )	<u>(                                    </u>		<u>(10/01 1/100</u> /
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	6,332,099	290,952	( 11,517)	6,611,534
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$6,990,843	\$ <u>1,577,420</u>	\$ 878,240	\$7,666,989
	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance
Business-type Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 70,254	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 70,254
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	70,254			70,254
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	362,446	-	-	362,446
Machinery and equipment	85,432	_	-	85,432
Infrastructure	2,365,351	_	-	2,365,351
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,813,229			2,813,229
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	( 298,034)	( 8,462)	-	( 306,496)
Machinery and equipment	( 41,720)	( 4,364)	-	( 46,084)
Infrastructure	( 967,902)	( 117,892)		( 1,085,794)
Total accumulated depreciation	( 1,307,656)	( 130,718)		( 1,438,374)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,505,573	( 130,718)		1,374,855
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>1,575,827</u>	\$ <u>( 130,718</u> )	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>1,445,109</u>

Capital asset depreciation by function for the governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2022, was as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General administration	\$	44,784
Judicial		20,070
Financial administration		8,308
Public facilities		167,755
Public safety		268,428
Public transporation		353,558
Environmental protection		34,090
Culture and recreation		75,108
Conservation agriculture		112
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ <u></u>	972,213

#### **Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers**

The composition of interfund balances of as September 30, 2022, is as follows:

#### Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	 Amount			
General Fund	Nonmajor Funds	\$ 150,637		
General Fund	Road and Bridge Funds	 45,749		
		\$ 196,386		

The interfund payables and receivables were related to short-term cash loans.

#### Transfers In/out:

		Trans				
	Road and Bridge Nonmajor					
	Funds		_Governmental_			Total
Transfer out: General Road & Bridge funds	\$	2,057,326 448,360	\$	1,303	\$	2,058,629 448,360
Road & Bridge Turius	_	440,300		<del></del>	_	440,300
Total transfers	\$_	2,505,686	\$	1,303	\$	2,506,989

The transfer from the general to the road and bridge fund is for road and bridge operations. The transfer from the road and bridge funds (general road and bridge) to the road and bridge funds is for road and bridge operations.

The transfers to and from the road and bridge fund are recurring transfers.

The remaining transfers are non-recurring transfers.

#### **Long-Term Liabilities**

The activity for the year ended September 30, 2022, were as follows:

		Beginning Balance Additions			Re	eductions	 Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities Compensated absences	\$	178,196	\$	229,192	\$	212,936	\$ 194,452	\$ 38,890	
Total	\$ <u></u>	178,196	\$	229,192	\$	212,936	\$ 194,452	\$ 38,890	

The general fund and the road and bridge fund are used to liquidate the compensated absences.

#### IV. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Claim liabilities are estimated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amounts of payouts) and other economic and social factors (including the effects of specific, incremental claim adjustment expense, salvage and subrogation).

#### A. General Liability Insurance

The County is insured for general, police officers and automobile liability. The County has joined with other governments in the Texas Association of Counties Risk Management Pool.

The County pays an annual premium to Risk Management for auto vehicle insurance coverage. The agreement with Risk Management provides that Risk Management will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$100,000 to \$300,000 for each insurance event. The County anticipates no contingent losses. Texas Association of Counties Risk Management Pool has published its own financial report that can be obtained from the Texas Association of Counties Risk Management Pool. The County continues to carry commercial fidelity bonds for elected officials and for management.

#### 2. Property and Casualty Insurance

Property, casualty, mobile equipment insurance is provided by Texas Association of Counties Risk Management Pool.

#### 3. Workers' Compensation Insurance

The County insures against workers' compensation claims through Texas Association of Counties Risk Management Pool.

#### 4. Group Health and Life Insurance

The County maintains a group health insurance plan for active employees and their eligible dependents. Costs are recorded in the fund from which the employees' compensation is paid.

#### 5. Unemployment Compensation Insurance

The County insures for unemployment compensation claims through an agreement with the Texas Workforce Commission (TWC).

#### V. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

There were no related party transactions for the year ended September 30, 2022.

#### VI. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### VII. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

#### **Plan Description**

Jackson County participates in a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS"). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system consisting of nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at www.tcdrs.org.

All full and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in a temporary position are not eligible for membership.

#### **Benefits Provided**

TCDRS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits for all eligible employees. Benefit terms are established by the TCDRS Act. The benefit terms may be amended as of January 1, each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.

Members can retire at ages 60 and above with eight or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contribution to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. By law, employee accounts earn 7% interest. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

#### Plan Membership

At the December 31, 2021 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	101
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	102
Active employees	113
	316

#### **Contributions**

The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, as adopted by the employer's governing body. Participating employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Under the state law governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each entity is determined annually by the actuary and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. The replacement life entry age actuarial cost method is used in determining the contribution rate. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to fund benefits in an orderly manner for each participate over his or her career so that sufficient funds are accumulated by the time benefit payments begin, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the County were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the County were 9.47% and 10.45% in calendar years 2021 and 2022, respectively. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended September 30, 2022, were \$559,072 and were equal to the required contributions.

#### **Net Pension Asset of the County**

The County's Net Pension Asset (NPA) was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2021 actuarial evaluation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per year Overall payroll growth 3.00% per year

Investment rate of return 7.60%, net of administrative and investment expense, including inflatio

The County has no automatic cost-of-living adjustments (COLA), nor one that is considered to be substantively automatic. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the actuarial valuation. Each year, the County may elect an ad-hoc COLA for retirees.

Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the following:

Depositing members 135% of Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted
Mortality Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General
Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females,
hoth presided with 100% of the MR 2021 Ultimate apple

both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale

Service retirees, beneficiaries 135% of Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted

Mortality Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after

2010

and non-depositing members

Disabled retirees 160% of Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-

Weighted Mortality Table for males and 125% Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021

Ultimate scale after 2010.

The demographic assumptions were developed from an actuarial experience investigation of TCDRS over the years 2017-2020. They were recommended by Milliman and adopted by the TCDRS Board of Trustees in December of 2021. All economic assumptions were recommended by Milliman and adopted by the TCDRS Board of Trustees in March of 2021. These assumptions, except where required to be different by GASB 68, are used to determine the total pension liability as of December 31, 2021. The assumptions are reviewed annually for continued compliance with the relevant actuarial standards of practice.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.6%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS is determined by adding inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information below are based on January 2022 information for a 10-year time horizon. The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a long-term time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2022. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Benchmark	Target Allocation (1)	Rate of Return (Expected minus Inflation) (2)
Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	3.80%
MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.10%
MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	5.00%	3.80%
MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.30%
Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	-0.85%
FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	9.00%	1.77%
S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	16.00%	6.25%
Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index <sup>(3)</sup>	4.00%	4.50%
67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	3.10%
Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	3.85%
Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index (4)	6.00%	5.10%
Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	1.55%
90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	-1.05%
	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index  MSCI World (net) Index  MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index  MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index  Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index  FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index  S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index  Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index (3)  67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net) Index  Alerian MLP Index  Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index (4)  Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	Benchmark  Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index  MSCI World (net) Index  MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index  MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index  Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index  FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index  \$8P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index  Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index  \$6.00%  Securities Index  \$16.00%  Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index  \$16.00%

**Geometric Real** 

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rates used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.6%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in the statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

#### Changes in the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

Increase (Decrease)					
Total Pension			an Fiduciary	N	et Pension
Liability		1	Net Position		oility/(Asset)
	(a) <sup>′</sup>		(b)		(a) - (b)
			, ,		` ' ' '
\$	29,874,460	\$	28,511,537	\$	1,362,923
	641,941		-		641,941
	2,261,614		-		2,261,614
,	144 770)			,	144 770)
(	144,778)		-	(	144,778)
(	202,605)			(	202,605)
(	61,806)	(	61,806)		-
(	1,483,141)	(	1,483,141)		-
		(	18,388)		18,388
			368,645	(	368,645)
	-		6,184,699	į	6,184,699)
	-		498,725	ì	498,725)
	-	(	•	`	11,383
4	30 885 685	4		¢/	3,103,203)
₽_	30,003,003	₽_	33,300,000	4 <u>(</u>	3,103,203)
		Total Pension Liability (a)  \$ 29,874,460 641,941 2,261,614 ( 144,778) ( 202,605) ( 61,806)	Total Pension Liability (a)  \$ 29,874,460 \$ 641,941 2,261,614 ( 144,778) ( 202,605) ( 61,806) ( 1,483,141) (	Total Pension Liability (a)  \$ 29,874,460 \$ 28,511,537  641,941 - 2,261,614 - ( 144,778) - ( 202,605) ( 61,806) ( 61,806) ( 1,483,141) ( 1,483,141) ( 18,388)  368,645 - 6,184,699 - 498,725 - ( 11,383)	Total Pension Liability (a) Plan Fiduciary (b) Lial (b) Plan Fiduciary (c) Plan Fiduciary

<sup>(1)</sup> Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

<sup>(1)</sup> Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2022 TCDRS Board meeting.

<sup>(2)</sup> Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.6%, per Cliffwater's 2022 capital market assumptions.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

<sup>(4)</sup> Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

<sup>(5)</sup> Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

<sup>(2)</sup> Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

The required schedule of changes in the County's net pension liability/(asset) and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.6%, as well as what the net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.6%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.6%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease 6.6%			Current Discount Rate 7.6%		1% Increase 8.6%	
	_	0.0 70	-	7.070		0.070	
Total pension liability	\$	34,610,429	\$	30,885,685	\$	27,731,738	
Fiduciary net position		33,988,888		33,988,888	_	33,988,888	
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$_	621,541	\$ <u>(</u>	3,103,203)	\$ <u>(</u>	6,257,150)	

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TCDRS financial report. The report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tcdrs.org

## <u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended September 30, 2022, the County recognized pension income of \$285,849.

At September 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	31,540	\$	96,519
Changes in actuarial assumptions		520,497		135,070
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		3,899,093
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		413,816	_	<u> </u>
Total	\$	965,853	\$	4,130,682

County contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$413,816 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		
September 30,		
2023	\$(	403,818)
2024	(	1,435,941)
2025	(	930,044)
2026	(	808,842)

#### VIII. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan – Retiree Health Care Plan

**Plan Description.** The County offers its retired employees health insurance benefits through a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan, under County policy. This plan is administered by the County and it has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing arrangements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75

Eligible plan participants are retirees retiring within 8 years of service with Jackson at the date of retirement and receiving benefits from the TCDRS are eligible for medical, dental, and life insurance benefits until they reach the Medicare age. TCDRS retirement is available to employees meeting one of three criteria: (a) age 60 with 8 year of service (b) age plus year of service equal to 75 or (c) 30 years of service.

At the September 30, 2022 measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or benficiaries currently receiving benefits	4
Active members	105
Total	109

The County's contributions to the Retiree Health plan for the year ended September 30, 2022 were \$97,577.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age

Inflation rate 2.50% Salary increases 3.50%

Demographic assumptions Based on the experience study covering the four year

period ending December 31, 2021 as conducted for the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS).

Mortality RPH-2014 Total Table with Projection MP-2021 Health care cost trend rates Level 4.5% for medical and level 3% for dental

for the County subsidy and 50% of those who are not eligible for the County subsidy would choose to receive

health care benefits through the County.

Discount rate 4.77% as of September 30, 2022.

The discount rate was selected by reviewing the recent published Bond Buyer GO-20 bond index. This is one of the indices acceptable under GASB 75. This index is published weekly and is trending down in recent months. We selected 4.77% as the discount rate for this valuation.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$1,630,052 was measured as of September 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2022.

	7	Total OPEB	
		Liability	
Balance at 10/1/2021	\$	2,263,205	
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost		153,193	
Interest on the total liability		53,271	
Difference between expected & actual experience	(	332,394)	
Change in assumptions	(	409,646)	
Benefit payments	_	97,577)	
Net changes	(	633 <u>,153</u> )	
Balance at 9/30/2022	\$	1,630,052	

#### Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the total OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (4.77%) in measuring the total OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in		1% Increase in	
	Discount Rate (3.77%)	Discount Rate (4.77%)	Discount Rate (5.77%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$ <u>1,780,184</u>	\$ <u>1,630,052</u>	\$ <u>1,495,918</u>	

#### Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the total OPEB liability if Healthcare Cost Trend Rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than what was used in measuring the total OPEB liability.

		Current Healthcare Cost					
	1% Decrease		Trend Rate Assumption		1% Increase		
Total OPEB liability	\$	1,462,191	\$	1,630,052	\$	1,828,145	

#### **OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

For the year ended September 30, 3022, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$94,878. At September 30, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources to OPEB from the following sources:

	D	eferred		Deferred
	0	utflows		Inflows
	of F	Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	-	\$	427,748
Changes in actuarial assumptions		30,565	_	359,010
Total	\$ <u></u>	30,565	\$ <u></u>	786,758

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expenses as follows:

Year Ended		
September 30,		
2023	\$(	111,588)
2024	(	111,587)
2025	(	111,587)
2026	(	111,587)
2027	(	111,587)
Thereafter	(	198,257)

#### Net Pension Liability and Total Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Obligation

When these liabilities are liquidated for governmental activities, the General Fund will be primarily responsible.

#### IX. NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Significant new accounting standard not yet implemented by the County includes the following.

Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements* – The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange like transaction. GASB 94 will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022, and the impact has not yet been determined.

Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements - This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62 - The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023, and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences - The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This Statement will become effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023, and the impact has not yet been determined.

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## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**GENERAL FUND** 

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			
				Variance with
	0	<b>-</b> : .		Final Budget -
REVENUES	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	Positive
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 9,431,135	\$ 9,431,135	\$ 9,433,136	\$ 2,001
Sales	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,582,284	382,284
Other	11,200	11,200	12,197	997
Intergovernmental	190,359	884,420	626,655	( 257,765)
Charges for services	15,300	15,300	35,916	20,616
Licenses and permits	19,300	19,300	32,827	13,527
Fines and forfeitures	1,174,000	1,174,000	1,161,106	( 12,894)
Investment income	6,100	6,100	49,434	43,334
Miscellaneous	40,000	61,973	58,266	( 3,707)
Total revenues	12,087,394	12,803,428	12,991,821	188,393
EXPENDITURES				
General administration:				
Commissioners' court	409,330	409,365	400,948	8,417
County clerk	462,008	462,008	442,859	19,149
County judge	215,390	213,579	212,385	1,194
Veteran's service officer	5,100	2,357	2,454	( 97)
Non-departmental	687,362	511,402	511,038	364
Total general administration	1,779,190	1,598,711	1,569,684	29,027
Judicial:				
Court expense	232,500	332,306	300,918	31,388
Criminal district attorney	522,071	541,863	475,516	66,347
District clerk	310,439	310,439	305,665	4,774
District court	83,562	108,669	109,361	( 692)
Jury	34,902	27,332	26,109	1,223
Justice of the peace, no. 1	225,685	229,612	219,161	10,451
Justice of the peace, no. 2	203,153	215,103	216,798	( 1,695)
Total judicial	1,612,312	1,765,324	1,653,528	111,796
Financial administration:				
County auditor	372,935	372,935	346,769	26,166
County treasurer	192,108	192,108	192,326	( 218)
Tax assessor-collector	516,755	518,375	503,726	14,649
Total financial administration	1,081,798	1,083,418	1,042,821	40,597

#### **GENERAL FUND**

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts			
				Variance with
				Final Budget -
Dublic focilities.	Original	Final	Actual	Positive
Public facilities: County facilities	464,000	464,000	122,358	341,642
Public facilities	480,973	456,993	447,264	9,729
Total public facilities	944,973	920,993	569,622	351,371
·	<u> </u>	920,993	309,022	
Public safety:				
Adult probation	2,913	2,913	2,354	559
Emergency management	48,827	31,820	30,831	989
Constable, no. 1	96,104 94,640	103,232 95,640	102,161	1,071 ( 692)
Constable, no. 2 Corrections	1,730,792	1,819,358	96,332 1,799,163	( 692) 20,195
D.P.S./license and weight	4,005	4,538	4,610	( 72)
D.P.S./troopers	28,211	27,719	20,656	7,063
Fire	14,250	14,250	10,500	3,750
Permitting and inspections	77,906	77,906	77,236	670
Law enforcement agreement	160,239	174,684	171,354	3,330
Sheriff	1,702,041	2,358,634	2,036,322	322,312
T.J.P.C	<u>131,456</u>	143,424	134,640	8,784
Total public safety	4,091,384	4,854,118	4,486,159	367,959
Environmental protection:				
Sanitation	579,838	579,838	527,744	52,094
Total environmental protection	579,838	579,838	527,744	52,094
	<del></del>	<del></del>		
Culture and recreation: County library	201,167	204,299	193,812	10,487
Parks	5,625	5,625	4,314	1,311
Total culture and recreation	206,792	209,924	198,126	11,798
	200,732	209,924	190,120	11,790
Health and welfare:				
Gulf bend mental health	47,695	47,695	45,694	2,001
Senior citizens center	25,000	<u>25,000</u>	25,000	
Total health and welfare	72,695	72,695	70,694	2,001
Conservation - agriculture:				
Agriculture extension service	106,081	106,081	99,826	6,255
U.S. soil conservation	3,000	3,000	3,000	
Total conservation - agriculture	109,081	109,081	102,826	6,255
Total expenditures	10,478,063	11,194,102	10,221,204	972,898
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,609,331	1,609,326	2,770,617	1,161,291
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	_	_	_	_
Transfers out	( 2,058,629)	( 2,058,629)	( 2,058,629)	_
Total other financing sources (uses)		( 2,058,629)	( 2,058,629)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	( 449,298)	( 449,303)	711,988	1,161,291
	-			1,101,291
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	6,777,452	6,777,452	6,777,452	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 6,328,154	\$ 6,328,149	\$ <u>7,489,440</u>	\$ <u>1,161,291</u>

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#### ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts					
							-	ariance with inal Budget -	
							Positive (Negative)		
		Original		Final		Actual			
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$	20,832	\$	464,855	\$	398,099	\$(	66,756)	
Charges for services		142,000		142,000		144,491		2,491	
Licenses and permits		430,450		430,450		422,129	(	8,321)	
Investment earnings		1,010		1,010		13,891		12,881	
Miscellaneous	_	400		12,534		33,024	_	20,490	
Total revenues	_	594,692	_	1,050,849		1,011,634	(	39,215)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Public transportation		4,346,863		4,802,179		3,340,958		1,461,221	
Total expenditures	_	4,346,863		4,802,179		3,340,958		1,461,221	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(	3,752,171)	(	3,751,330)	(	2,329,324)	_	1,422,006	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		2,505,686		2,505,686		2,505,686		-	
Transfers out	(	448,360)	(	448,360)	(	448,360)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	2,057,326		2,057,326		2,057,326		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(	1,694,845)	(	1,694,004)	(	271,998)		1,422,006	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	_	5,533	_	103,783		1,690,620	_	1,586,837	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>(</u>	1,689,312)	\$ <u>(</u>	1,590,221)	\$	1,418,622	\$	3,008,843	

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Measurement Date December 31,	2014			2015
Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost Interest total pension liability Changes in benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	498,637 1,613,900 - -	\$ (	497,656 1,674,524 65,301)
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses Effect of assumption changes or inputs Benefit payments/refunds	(	429,134)	(	3,334) 244,526
of contributions	(	928,820)	(	1,119,594)
Net change in total pension liability		754,583		1,228,477
Total pension liability - beginning		20,135,600		20,890,183
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	20,890,183	\$	22,118,660
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of	\$	418,687 291,045	\$	428,368 301,975
investment expenses Benefit payments, including refunds of		1,408,935		196,576
contributions Administrative expenses	(	928,820) 15,556)	(	1,119,594) 14,775)
Other	<u>(</u>	380,061)		122,276
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		794,230	(	85,174)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		19,819,740		20,613,970
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	20,613,970	\$	20,528,796
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	276,213	\$	1,589,864
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		98.68%		92.81%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$	4,157,786	\$	4,313,925
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		6.64%		36.85%

Note: This schedule is required to have 10 years of information, but the information prior to 2014 is not available.

	2016		2017		2018		2019 2020			2021	
\$	544,446 1,767,233	\$	528,957 1,879,839	\$	552,734 1,984,125	\$	554,527 2,065,670	\$	592,832 2,167,767	\$	641,941 2,261,614
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	65,947 -		124,003 137,609	(	83,605) -		7,317 -		89,131 1,561,490	(	(
(	1,158,335)	(	1,344,204)	(	1,471,688)	(	1,424,015)	(	1,385,980)	(	1,544,946)
	1,219,291		1,326,204		981,566		1,203,499		3,025,240		1,011,226
_	22,118,660	_	23,337,951		24,664,155		25,645,721		26,849,220	_	29,874,460
\$_	23,337,951	\$_	24,664,155	\$	25,645,721	\$	26,849,220	\$	29,874,460	\$_	30,885,686
\$	454,473 320,056	\$	439,558 330,139	\$	459,393 339,931	\$	477,238 356,564	\$	531,220 377,898	\$	498,725 368,645
	1,518,446		3,163,407	(	460,224)		3,799,301		2,716,435		6,184,699
(	1,158,335) 16,477) 88,704	(	1,344,204) 16,161) 7,852)	( (	1,471,688) 18,580) 17,591)	( (	1,424,015) 20,045) 16,543)	( (	1,385,980) 20,862) 11,465)	( ( (	1,544,946) 18,388) 11,383)
	1,206,867		2,564,887	(	1,168,759)		3,172,500		2,207,246		5,477,352
_	20,528,796	_	21,735,663		24,300,550		23,131,791		26,304,291	_	28,511,537
\$_	21,735,663	\$_	24,300,550	\$	23,131,791	\$	26,304,291	\$	28,511,537	\$_	33,988,889
\$_	1,602,288	\$_	363,605	\$	2,513,930	\$	544,929	\$	1,362,923	\$ <u>(</u>	3,103,203)
	93.13%		98.53%		90.20%		97.97%		95.44%		110.05%
\$	4,572,224	\$	4,716,270	\$	4,856,160	\$	5,082,399	\$	5,398,534	\$	5,266,363
	35.04%		7.71%		51.77%		10.72%		25.25%		-58.92%

#### SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Fiscal Year Ended September 30	Ended Determined		Actual imployer ntribution	C	ontribution Deficiency (Excess)	ensionable Covered Payroll (1)	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll		
2014	\$	418,687	\$ 418,687	\$	-	\$ 4,157,786	10.07%	כ	
2015		428,369	428,369		-	4,313,925	9.93%	)	
2016		454,474	454,474		-	4,572,224	9.94%	)	
2017		439,556	439,556		-	4,715,270	9.32%	)	
2018		459,392	459,392		-	4,716,270	9.74%	)	
2019		477,238	477,238		-	5,082,399	9.39%	)	
2020		531,220	531,220		-	5,398,543	9.84%	)	
2021		498,725	498,725		-	5,266,363	9.47%	)	
2022		559,072	559,072		-	5,493,813	10.18%	)	

<sup>(1)</sup> Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

Note: This schedule is required to have 10 years of information, but the information prior to 2014 is not available.

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

**Valuation Timing** Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each

December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which

the contributions are reported.

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions rates:

**Actuarial Cost Method** Entry age

**Amortization Method** Level percentage of payroll, closed

**Remaining Amortization Period** 18.8 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2021

valuation)

**Asset Valuation Method** 5-year smoothed market

**Inflation** 2.50%

**Salary Increases** Varies by age and service. 4.7% average over career including

inflation.

**Investment Rate of Return** 7.50%, net of investment expenses, including inflation.

**Retirement Age** Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to

commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average

age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.

135% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for males and 120% Mortality

of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for females, both projected

with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

Changes in Assumptions and Methods Reflected 2015: New inflation, mortality and other assmptions were

in the Schedule of Employer Contributions

reflected.

2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were

reflected.

Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the **Schedule of Employer Contributions** 

2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected.

2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected.

2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits

earned after 2017.

2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule

2019: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

2020: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

2021: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Measurement Date September 30,	2018	2019	2020
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 114,644 90,215 -	\$ 119,299 84,932 -	\$ 119,299 91,855 - ( 214,238)
Changes of assmptions Benefit payments	( 220,330)	( 220,330)	47,769 ( 85,705)
Net change in total OPEB liability	( 15,471)	( 16,099)	( 41,020)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	2,217,562	2,202,091	2,185,992
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ <u>2,202,091</u>	\$ 2,185,992	\$ <u>2,144,972</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,510,172	\$ 4,150,172	\$ 4,830,933
Total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	48.82%	52.67%	44.40%

Note: This schedule is required to have 10 years of information, but the information prior to 2018 is not available.

#### **Notes to Required Supplementary Information:**

Changes in Benefits

There were no changes in benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

	2021		2022	
\$ <u>(</u>	153,193 50,745 - - - - 85,705)	\$ ( ( <u>(</u>	153,193 53,271 - 332,394) 409,646) 97,577)	
	118,233	(	633,153)	
_	2,144,972	_	2,263,205	
\$	2,263,205	\$	1,630,052	
\$	4,830,933	\$	5,170,075	
	46.85%		31.53%	

#### NOTES TO OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Valuation date September 30, 2022

Measurement date September 30, 2022

Methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Method Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method - Level

Percentage of Projected Salary.

Service Cost Determined for each employee as the Actuarial Present

Value of Benefits allocated to the valuation year. The benefit attributed to the valuation year is that incremental portion of the total projected benefit earned during the year in accordance with the plan's benefit formula. This allocation is based on each participant's service between

date of hire and date of expected termination.

Total OPEB Liability The Actuarial Present Value of Benefits allocated to all

periods prior to the valuation year.

**Discount Rate** 4.77% (2.27% real rate of return plus 2.5% inflation)

**Health Care Cost Trend**Level 4.5% for medical and level 3% for dental.

Mortality RPH-2014 Total Table with Projection MP-2021

**Turnover** Rates varying based on gender, age and select and ultimate

at 15 years. Rates based on the TCDRS actuarial assumptions form the 2017 retirement plan valuation  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

report.

**Disability** None assumed

**Retiree Contributions**Retirees pays the remaining contribution rate above the

monthly stipend of \$300 paid by the County to the retiree.

The retiree also pays the full cost of dental coverage.

Salary Scale 3.50%

**Data Assumptions** 100% of all retirees who currently have healthcare

coverage will continue with the same coverage.

**Coverage** 35% of all actives who currently have healthcare coverage

will continue with coverage upon retirement. For those with family coverage 25% will elect to continue with familay coverage and the remainder will elect invidivual coverage.

#### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

#### **Budgetary Information**

The Commissioners' Court adopted an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund and Road and Bridge Fund, which is included in the Special Revenue Funds. The County is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenue and expenditures for each of these funds. The County compares the final amended budget to actual revenue and expenditures. An appropriated budget is not adopted for the American Rescue Plan or Coastal Impact Assistance Funds.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budget:

- 1. Prior to September 1, the County prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budget is prepared on the GAAP basis of accounting.
- 2. Public meetings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is then legally enacted through adoption by the Commissioners' Court. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Court. Amendments are presented to the Court at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Court approval. As required by law, such amendments made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Court, and are not made after fiscal year-end. Because the County has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year. However, none of these were significant.
- 4. Each budget is controlled at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Court. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.
- 5. Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at September 30, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. The County had no outstanding end-of-year encumbrances.

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Special Revenue Road and Road and Road and Bridge Bridge Bridge Bridge Replacement Highway No. 1 No. 2 No. 3 **ASSETS** Cash and cash equivalents 291,975 39,594 90,579 179,224 Receivables, net 180,775 Prepaid items 21,787 7,751 3,705 3,859 Total assets 291,975 202,562 47,345 94,284 183,083 LIABILITIES Accounts payable 22,917 938 207 1,183 Accured wages payable 10,356 7,588 10,215 45,749 Due to other funds 68,666 11,294 11,398 7,795 Total liabilities **FUND BALANCE** Restricted for: Public transportation 291,975 133,896 36,051 82,886 175,288 291,975 133,896 36,051 82,886 175,288 Total fund balances Total liabilities, deferred inflows of 291,975 202,562 47,345 94,284 183,083 resources and fund balances

	Special Revenue												
	Road and Bridge Lateral No. 4 Road			Equipment Replacement No. 1			Equipment eplacement No. 2	Equipment Replacement No. 3		Equipment Replacement No. 4			Total Road and Bridge
\$ 	345,866 - 4,788 350,654	\$	- - - -	\$ 	52,926 - - - 52,926	\$	159,341 - - 159,341	\$	25,724 - - - 25,724	\$ 	124,752 - - - 124,752	\$ 	1,309,981 180,775 41,890 1,532,646
	3,020 11,851 - 14,871		- - -		- - - -		- - - -		- - - -	_	- - - -		28,265 40,010 45,749 114,024
_	335,783 335,783		-		52,926 52,926		159,341 159,341	_	25,724 25,724	_	124,752 124,752	_	1,418,622 1,418,622
\$	350,654	\$	_	\$	52,926	\$	159,341	\$	25,724	\$	124,752	\$	1,532,646

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Bridge placement		Highway		Road and Bridge No. 1		Road and Bridge No. 2		Road and Bridge No. 3
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$	377,275	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Charges for services	-		144,491		-		-		-
Licenses and permits	-		422,129		-		-		-
Investment earnings	2,290		-		1,182		1,705		1,878
Miscellaneous	 -		12,134	_	1,220		2,202		447
Total revenues	 2,290	_	956,029	_	2,402	_	3,907		2,325
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Public transportation	 	_	1,007,828	_	594,552		589,638		380,617
Total expenditures	 	_	1,007,828	_	594,552	_	589,638		380,617
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES									
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 2,290	(	51,799)	(	592,150)	(	585,731)	(	378,292)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	50,000		-		560,253		589,698		466,662
Transfers out	 -	(	448,360)	_					
Total other financing sources (uses)	 50,000	(	448,360)	_	560,253	_	589,698		466,662
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	52,290	(	500,159)	(	31,897)		3,967		88,370
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	 239,685	_	634,055	_	67,948	_	78,919		86,918
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 291,975	\$	133,896	\$	36,051	\$	82,886	\$	175,288

	Road and Bridge No. 4		Lateral Road	quipment placement No. 1	equipment eplacement No. 2		Equipment Replacement No. 3	F	Equipment Replacement No. 4		Total Road and Bridge
\$	-	\$	20,824	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	398,099
	-		- -	-	-		-		-		144,491
	-		-	-	-		-		-		422,129
	3,990		-	411	1,275		191		969		13,891
	17,021		_		 	_					33,024
	21,011		20,824	 411	 1,275	_	191		969		1,011,634
	748,225 748,225		20,098 20,098	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		3,340,958 3,340,958
<u>(</u>	727,214)		726	 411	 1,275	_	191	_	969	(	2,329,324)
	759,073		_	20,000	20,000		20,000		20,000		2,505,686
	-		-	-	-				-	(	448,360)
	759,073		-	20,000	20,000		20,000		20,000	_	2,057,326
	31,859		726	20,411	21,275		20,191		20,969	(	271,998)
	303,924	(	726)	 32,515	 138,066	_	5,533	_	103,783		1,690,620
\$	335,783	\$	_	\$ 52,926	\$ 159,341	\$	25,724	\$	124,752	\$	1,418,622

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

				Special Re	evenue		
		Abandoned Motor Vehicles	Child Abuse Prevention		Child Welfare		Commissary Telephone
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,351	\$	39	\$ 7,6	39 \$	73,258
Receivables, net	·	-	·	-	_		8,095
Prepaid items		850		-			
Total assets	_	18,201	_	39	7,6	39	81,353
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		780		-	-		-
Accured wages payable		-		-	-		-
Due to other funds		4		-	-		-
Due to others	_	-	_	-			
Total liabilities	_	784	_			_	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	_	-	_				
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	-	_	-		_	<del></del>
FUND BALANCE							
Nonspendable		850		-	-		-
Restricted for:							
Grants		-		-	-		-
Special projects	_	16,567	_	39	7,6	39	81,353
Total fund balances	_	17,417	_	39	7,6	<u> 39</u>	81,353
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources and fund balances	\$	18,201	\$	39	\$	<u>39</u> \$	81,353

Special Revenue

	Construction Grants	ounty Clerk Records lanagement	F	County Records nagement	County pecialty Court	ourthouse Security	urthouse curity JP's
\$	- 148,122 -	\$ 226,403 - -	\$	7,556 - -	\$ 8,058 - -	\$ 25,974 - -	\$ 1,969 - 665
=	148,122	 226,403		7,556	 8,058	 25,974	 2,634
	-	12		-	-	17	24
	- 148,122 -	- - -		- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
_	148,122	12		-	-	17	24
_		 			 	 <u>-</u>	 
_	<del>-</del>	 			 <del>-</del>	 <del>-</del>	 <u>-</u> _
	-	-		-	-	-	665
_	<u>-</u>	 226,391		- 7,556	 - 8,058	 25,957 -	 - 1,945
_	<del>-</del>	 226,391		7,556	 8,058	 25,957	 2,610
\$	148,122	\$ 226,403	\$	7,556	\$ 8,058	\$ 25,974	\$ 2,634

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Special Revenue										
	•					District					
		District		District		Clerk		District			
		Attorney		Attorney		Records		Clerk			
		Forfeiture		Hot Check	M	anagement		Reserve			
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	207,719	\$	5,887	\$	11,108	\$	228,808			
Receivables, net	т	489	7	-	7		7	-			
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-			
Total assets		208,208	_	5,887		11,108		228,808			
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable		1,008		-		-		-			
Accured wages payable		325		-		-		-			
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-			
Due to others		<u> </u>	_	3,783				228,808			
Total liabilities		1,333		3,783				228,808			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Unavailable revenue-property taxes			_	-							
Total deferred inflows of resources			_	-							
FUND BALANCE											
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-			
Restricted for:											
Grants		-		-		-		-			
Special projects	-	206,875	_	2,104		11,108	_				
Total fund balances		206,875	_	2,104		11,108	_				
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of											
resources and fund balances	\$	208,208	\$	5,887	\$	11,108	\$	228,808			

Special Revenue

elections ninistration		ederal & ate Relief	Flood Control	Historical Commission		Justice Court Tech	Juvenile Probation Discretion		
\$ 74,069	\$	54,871	\$ -	\$	32,692	\$ 3,861	\$	3,114	
-		-	104,038 -		- 940	-		-	
 74,069		54,871	 104,038		33,632	 3,861	-	3,114	
 7 4,005		34,071	104,030		33,032	 3,001		3,114	
-		-	4,438		139	-		-	
-		-	-		-	-		-	
2,511 -		-	-		-	-		-	
2,511			4,438		139			-	
 		-	 99,600		-	 		-	
 		<del>-</del>	 99,600		<del>-</del>	 <u>-</u>		-	
-		-	-		940	-		-	
-		-	-		-	-		3,114	
 71,558	-	54,871	 		32,553	 3,861		-	
 71,558		54,871	 		33,493	 3,861		3,114	

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Special Revenue									
		Juvenile robation Grant		Law orcement officers		Law Library	N	lediation Fund		
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,298	\$	2,978	\$	6,936	\$	4,126		
Receivables, net		11,081		-		-		-		
Prepaid items		-		-		-				
Total assets		17,379		2,978		6,936		4,126		
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable		7,041		-		-		-		
Accured wages payable		-		-		-		-		
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		
Due to others				-		-				
Total liabilities		7,041								
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		-			-		-			
Total deferred inflows of resources		-			-			-		
FUND BALANCE										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		
Restricted for:										
Grants		10,338		2,978		6,936		4,126		
Special projects							-			
Total fund balances		10,338		2,978		6,936		4,126		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources and fund balances	\$	17,379	\$	2,978	\$	6,936	\$	4,126		

	Special	Revenue		Permanent					
	Sheriff Forfeiture	Truancy Prev & Diversion		Memorial Library		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds			
\$	54,828 - - - 54,828	\$ 14,317 - - - 14,317	\$	57,174 - - - 57,174	\$	1,137,033 271,825 2,455 1,411,313			
_	- - - - -	- - - - -	=	- - - - -	_	13,459 325 150,637 232,591 397,012			
<u>-</u>	-	<del>-</del>	-	<u>-</u>	-	99,600 99,600			
	-	-		50,000		52,455			
_	54,828 - 54,828	14,317 - 14,317	<del>-</del>	7,174 - 57,174	-	356,159 506,087 914,701			
\$	54,828	\$14,317	\$_	57,174	\$_	1,411,313			

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

				Special F	Revenu	e		
		oandoned Motor Vehicles	Child Abuse Prevention		Child Welfare		Commissary Telephone	
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		50,969
Fines and forfeitures		8,924		631		-		-
Investment earnings		-		-		60		-
Miscellaneous	-	5,590		-		-		-
Total revenues		14,514		631		60		50,969
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		-		-		-		-
Judicial		-		-		-		-
Legal		-		-		-		-
Public facilities		-		-		-		-
Public safety		17,251		-		-		29,229
Environmental protection		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-
Health and welfare		-		800		700		-
Total expenditures		17,251		800		700		29,229
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(	2,737)		169)		640)		21,740
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	-	-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)					_		-	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(	2,737)	(	169)	(	640)		21,740
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		20,154		208		8,279		59,613
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	17,417	\$	39	\$	7,639	\$	81,353

Special Revenue

	nstruction Grants	County Clerk Records Management		County Records Management			County pecialty Court		ourthouse Security	Courthouse Security JP's		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	773,765		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		95,405		1,358		3,433		15,206		1,089	
	-		1,534		28		-		-		-	
	<del>-</del>		-				-					
	773,765		96,939		1,386	-	3,433	-	15,206		1,089	
	-		31,975		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	740,728		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		15,541		876	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	<del>-</del>						-					
	740,728		31,975		-				15,541		876	
	33,037		64,964		1,386		3,433	(	335)		213	
	-		-	-							-	
	-	-			-	-	-	-	-			
	33,037		64,964		1,386		3,433	(	335)		213	
(	33,037)		161,427	-	6,170		4,625		26,292		2,397	
\$		\$	226,391	\$	7,556	\$	8,058	\$	25,957	\$	2,610	

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue										
				•		District					
		District	D	istrict		Clerk		District			
	A	ttorney	At	torney	R	ecords		Clerk			
	F	orfeiture	Ho	t Check	Man	agement		Reserve			
REVENUES											
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-			
Charges for services		-		-		1,595		-			
Fines and forfeitures		8,200		250		5,622		-			
Investment earnings		1,769		-		-		-			
Miscellaneous	-				-	-					
Total revenues		9,969		250	-	7,217					
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General government		-		-		-		-			
Judicial		61,128		2,146		8,232		-			
Legal		-		-		-		-			
Public facilities		-		-		-		-			
Public safety		-		-		-		-			
Environmental protection		-		-		-		-			
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-			
Health and welfare				-		-		-			
Total expenditures	-	61,128		2,146		8,232					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES											
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(	51,159)	(	1,896)	(	1,015)	-				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in				-		-		-			
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-		-		-		-			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(	51,159)	(	1,896)	(	1,015)		-			
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		258,034		4,000		12,123					
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	206,875	\$	2,104	\$	11,108	\$	-			

Special Revenue

	Elections ministration		ederal & ate Relief		Flood Control		Historical ommission		Justice Court Tech	Pr	uvenile obation scretion
\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,314,090	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		24,276		-		-		-		-
	4,995		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		6,275		980
	343		572		-		268		-		-
	5,338		24,848		1,314,090		268		6,275		980
	6,351		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		7,349		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		38,883		-		-		-		2,500
	-		-		1,315,825		- 1,628		-		-
	-		-		-		1,626		_		-
-	6,351	-	38,883	-	1,315,825	-	1,628	-	7,349		2,500
-	0,331		30,003		1,313,023		1,020		7,545		2,300
<u>(</u>	1,013)		14,035)	(	1,735)	<u>(</u>	1,360)	(	1,074)		1,520)
			-				1,303				-
	-		-				1,303		-		
(	1,013)	(	14,035)	(	1,735)	(	57)	(	1,074)	(	1,520)
	72,571		68,906		1,735		33,550		4,935		4,634
\$	71,558	\$	54,871	\$	-	\$	33,493	\$	3,861	\$	3,114

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue									
		Juvenile Probation Grant	Enfo	Law prcement fficers		Law Library		Mediation Fund		
REVENUES										
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Intergovernmental		250,082		3,249		-		-		
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		7,740		1,000		
Investment earnings		29		-		-		-		
Miscellaneous		-		-				-		
Total revenues		250,111		3,249		7,740		1,000		
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General government		-		-		-		-		
Judicial		-		-		-		-		
Legal		-		-		11,393		-		
Public facilities		-		-		_		-		
Public safety		248,061		3,537		-		-		
Environmental protection		-		-		_		-		
Culture and recreation		-		-		_		-		
Health and welfare		-								
Total expenditures		248,061		3,537		11,393				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		2,050	(	288)	(	3,653)		1,000		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		-		-						
Total other financing sources (uses)	-			-		-		-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		2,050	(	288)	(	3,653)		1,000		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		8,288		3,266		10,589		3,126		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	10,338	\$	2,978	\$	6,936	\$	4,126		

	Special	Reve	nue		Permanent		
F	Sheriff Forfeiture		Truancy Prev & Diversion	Memorial Gov		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$	1,314,090
Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,985	Ψ	1,053,357
	_		_		4,688		62,247
	-		4,479		-		160,592
	429		-		463		5,495
							5,590
	429		4,479		7,136		2,601,371
	-		-		-		38,326
	-		-		-		78,855
	-		-		-		11,393
	-		-		-		740,728
	755		-		-		356,633
	-		-		-		1,315,825
	-		-		8,025		9,653
	-	_			-	_	1,500
	755	_	<u> </u>		8,025	_	2,552,913
(	326)		4,479	(	889)	-	48,458
		_					1,303
	-	_				_	1,303
(	326)		4,479	(	889)		49,761
	55,154	_	9,838		58,063	_	864,940
\$	54,828	\$	14,317	\$	57,174	\$	914,701

#### ABANDONED MOTOR VEHICLE FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts								
DEVENUEC	Original Final Actual						Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Fines and forfeitures	\$	500	\$	500	\$	8,924	\$	8,424	
Miscellaneous		5,000	Ψ	5,000	Ψ	5,590	Ψ	590	
Total revenues		5,500		5,500		14,514		9,014	
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Current:									
Public safety	1	7,800		17,800		17,251		549	
Total expenditures	1	7,800		17,800		17,251		549	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 1	<u>2,300</u> )	(	12,300)	(	2,737)		9,563	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	2	0,154		20,154		20,154			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>7,854</u> \$ <u>7,854</u>				\$	17,417	\$	9,563	

#### CHILD ABUSE PREVENTION FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts							
	<u> </u>	riginal		Final	A	ctual	Final Po	nce with Budget - sitive gative)
REVENUES								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	820	\$	820	\$	631	\$ <u>(                                    </u>	189)
Total revenues		820		820		631	(	189)
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Current:								
Health and welfare		800		800		800		-
Total expenditures		800		800		800		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		20		20	(	169)	(	189)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		208		208		208		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	228	\$	228	\$	39	\$ <u>(</u>	189)

CHILD WELFARE FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Budgeted Amounts								
DEVENUEC	Ori <u>c</u>	jinal	<u>F</u>	-inal	A	ctual	Final Po	nce with Budget - ositive gative)
REVENUES Investment earnings	\$	3	\$	3	\$	60	\$	57
Total revenues		3		3		60		57
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Health and welfare		2,500		2,500		700		1,800
Total expenditures		<u>2,500</u>		2,500		700		1,800
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(	2,497)	(	2,497)	(	640)		1,857
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		8,279		8,279		8,279		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	5,782	\$	5,782	\$	7,639	\$	1,857

#### COMMISSARY TELEPHONE FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgete	d Amounts			
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Charges for services  Total revenues	\$ <u>45,000</u> 45,000	\$ <u>45,000</u> <u>45,000</u>	\$ <u>50,969</u> 50,969	\$ 5,969 5,969	
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Current:					
Public safety	66,594	66,594	29,229	37,365	
Total expenditures	66,594	66,594	29,229	37,365	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 21,594)	( 21,594)	21,740	43,334	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	59,613	59,613	59,613		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>38,019</u>	\$ 38,019	\$ <u>81,353</u>	\$43,334	

#### CONSTRUCTION GRANTS FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted			
REVENUES	Original	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Intergovernmental  Total revenues	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>742,771</u> 742,771	\$ <u>773,765</u> <u>773,765</u>	\$ <u>30,994</u> 30,994
EXPENDITURES  Current:  Public facilities  Total expenditures	<del>-</del>	<u>742,771</u> 742,771	<u>740,728</u> 740,728	2,043 2,043
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			33,037	33,037
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	( 33,037)	( 33,037)	( 33,037)	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>( 33,037</u> )	\$ <u>( 33,037</u> )	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>33,037</u>

#### COUNTY CLERK RECORDS MANAGEMENT FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Fines and forfeitures Investment earnings Total revenues	\$ 80,800 120 80,920	\$ 80,800 120 80,920	\$ 95,405 1,534 96,939	\$ 14,605 1,414 16,019
EXPENDITURES Current:				
General government  Total expenditures	103,494 103,494	103,494 103,494	31,975 31,975	71,519 71,519
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 22,574)	( 22,574)	64,964	87,538
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	161,427	161,427	161,427	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>138,853</u>	\$ <u>138,853</u>	\$ <u>226,391</u>	\$ <u>87,538</u>

#### COUNTY RECORDS MANAGEMENT FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts								
REVENUES	Original Final Actu						Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Fines and forfeitures	\$	1,800	\$	1,800	\$	1,358	\$(	442)	
Investment earnings	·	· -	·			28		28	
Total revenues		1,800		1,800		1,386	(	414)	
EXPENDITURES  Current:  General government  Total expenditures		7,600 7,600		7,600 7,600		<u>-</u>		7,600 7,600	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(	5,800)	(	5,800)		1,386		7,186	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		6,170		6,170		6,170			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	370	\$	370	\$	7,556	\$	7,186	

#### COUNTY SPECIALTY COURT FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgete			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Fines and forfeitures	\$ <u>2,800</u>	\$ <u>2,800</u>	\$ <u>3,433</u>	\$ <u>633</u>
Total revenues	2,800	2,800	3,433	633
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Current:				
Judicial	7,000	7,000	-	7,000
Total expenditures	7,000	7,000		7,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 4,200)	( 4,200)	3,433	7,633
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	4,625	4,625	4,625	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$425	\$425	\$8,058_	\$7,633

#### COURTHOUSE SECURITY FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

REVENUES	Original	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 13,200	\$ 13,200	\$ 15,206	\$ 2,006
Total revenues	13,200	13,200	15,206	2,006
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Current:				
Public safety	29,401	29,401	15,541	13,860
Total expenditures	29,401	<u>29,401</u>	<u>15,541</u>	13,860
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 16,201)	( 16,201)	( 335)	15,866
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	26,292	26,292	26,292	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>10,091</u>	\$ <u>15,866</u>		

COURTHOUSE SECURITY - JP'S FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted			
	Original	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
<b>REVENUES</b> Fines and forfeitures Total revenues	\$ <u>1,600</u> 1,600	\$ <u>1,600</u> 1,600	\$ <u>1,089</u> 1,089	\$ <u>(</u> 511) ( 511)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Public safety Total expenditures	<u>4,000</u> 4,000	<u>4,000</u> 4,000	876 876	3,124 3,124
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 2,400)	( 2,400)	213	2,613
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	2,397	2,397	2,397	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>(</u> 3)	\$ <u>(</u> 3)	\$ <u>2,610</u>	\$ <u>2,613</u>

#### DISTRICT ATTORNEY FORFEITURE FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted			
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Fines and forfeitures Investment earnings Total revenues	\$ 2,000 150 2,150	\$ 2,000 150 2,150	\$ 8,200 1,769 9,969	\$ 6,200 1,619 7,819
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Judicial Total expenditures	62,771 62,771	62,821 62,821	61,128 61,128	1,693 1,693
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 60,621)	( 60,671)	( 51,159)	9,512
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	258,034	258,034	258,034	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>197,413</u>	\$ <u>197,363</u>	\$ <u>206,875</u>	\$ <u>9,512</u>

#### DISTRICT ATTORNEY HOT CHECK FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted							
	Original			Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
Fines and forfeitures	\$	250	\$	250	\$	250	\$		
Total revenues		250		250		250			
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Current:									
Judicial		3,544		3,544		2,146		1,398	
Total expenditures		3,544		3,544		2,146		1,398	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(	3,294)		3,294)	(	1,896)		1,398	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		4,000		4,000		4,000	_		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	706	\$	706	\$	2,104	\$	1,398	

#### DISTRICT CLERK RECORDS MANAGEMENT FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted			
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 1,900	\$ 1,900	\$ 5,622	\$ 3,722
Charges for services	4,400	4,400	1,595	(2,805)
Total revenues	6,300	6,300	7,217	917
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Current:				
Judicial	7,300	8,300	8,232	68
Total expenditures	7,300	8,300	8,232	68
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 1,000)	( 2,000)	( 1,015)	985
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	12,123	12,123	12,123	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>11,123</u>	\$ <u>10,123</u>	\$ <u>11,108</u>	\$ <u>985</u>

#### **ELECTIONS ADMINISTRATION FUND**

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	Amo	unts				
	Original Final			Final		Actual	Variance witl Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	<b>+</b>		<b>+</b>		<b>+</b>		<b>+</b>	
Charges for services Intergovernmental	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Investment earnings		100		100		343		243
Total revenues		100		100		343		243
rotarreventes						<u> </u>		
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Current:								
General government		74,682		78,338		6,351		71,987
Total expenditures		74,682		78,338		6,351		71,987
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(	74,582)	(	78,238)	(	6,008)		72,230
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		72,571		72,571		72,571		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>(</u>	2,011)	\$ <u>(</u>	5,667)	\$	66,563	\$	72,230

#### FEDERAL & STATE RELEIF FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted			
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,276	\$ 24,276
Investment earnings	20	20	<u>572</u>	552
Total revenues	20	20	<u>24,848</u>	<u>24,828</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Current:				
Public safety	68,335	68,335	38,883	29,452
Total expenditures	68,335	68,335	38,883	29,452
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 68,315)	( 68,315)	( 14,035)	54,280
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	68,906	68,906	68,906	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>591</u>	\$ <u>591</u>	\$ <u>54,871</u>	\$54,280

FLOOD CONTROL FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Budgeted Amounts												
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)								
Property taxes  Total revenues	\$ 1,314,114 1,314,114	\$ 1,314,114 1,314,114	\$ 1,314,090 1,314,090	\$( 24) ( 24)								
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Current:												
Environmental protection Total expenditures	1,314,114 1,314,114	1,314,114 1,314,114	1,315,825 1,315,825	( 1,711) ( 1,711)								
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			( 1,735)	( 1,735)								
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	1,735	1,735	1,735									
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>1,735</u>	\$ <u>1,735</u>	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>( 1,735</u> )								

#### HISTORICAL COMMISSION FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	В	udgeted	Am	ounts				
	Original Final			Final	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	-							
Investment earnings	\$	20	\$	20	\$	268	\$	248
Total revenues		20		20		268		248
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Culture and recreation	3	5,203		35,203		1,628		33,575
Total expenditures	3	5,203		35,203		1,628		33,575
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		-		1,303	(	1,303)
Total other financing sources (uses)						1,303	(	1,303)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>(</u> 3	5,183)	(	35,183)	(	1,360)		33,823
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	3	3,550		33,550		33,550		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>(</u>	1,633)	\$ <u>(</u>	1,633)	\$	33,493	\$	35,126

#### JUSTICE COURT TECHNOLOGY FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted			
	Original	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES			•	
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 8,925	\$ 8,925	\$ 6,275	\$( 2,650)
Total revenues	8,925	8,925	6,275	( 2,650)
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Current:				
Judicial	12,700	12,700	7,349	5,351
Total expenditures	12,700	12,700	7,349	5,351
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 3,775)	( 3,775)	( 1,074)	2,701
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	4,935	4,935	4,935	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>1,160</u>	\$1,160	\$3,861	\$2,701

#### JUVENILE PROBATION DISCRETION FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted						
	Original			Final	,	Actual	Final P	ance with Budget - ositive egative)
REVENUES								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	980	\$ <u>(</u>	20)
Total revenues		1,000		1,000		980	(	20)
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Current:								
Public safety		4,000		4,000		2,500		1,500
Total expenditures		4,000		4,000		2,500		1,500
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(	3,000)	(	3,000)	(	1,520)		1,480
Cimile III. OND BREAKER								<u>,                                     </u>
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		4,634		4,634		4,634		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	1,634	\$	1,634	\$	3,114	\$	1,480

#### JUVENILE PROBATION GRANT FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	d Amo	ounts	•				
	Original Final					Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
Intergovernmental Investment earnings	\$	131,857 25	\$	270,346 25	\$	250,082 29	\$(	20,264) <u>4</u>	
Total revenues		131,882	_	270,371		250,111	(	20,260)	
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Current:									
Public safety		132,857		271,346		248,061		23,285	
Total expenditures	_	132,857		271,346		248,061		23,285	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(	975)	(	975)		2,050		3,025	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	_	8,288		8,288		8,288		-	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	7,313	\$	7,313	\$	10,338	\$	3,025	

#### LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS EDUCATION FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	Amo	unts				
	Or	iginal		,	Actual	Final B Pos	ce with udget - itive ative)	
REVENUES	•							
Intergovernmental	\$	3,654	\$	3,249	\$	3,249	\$	-
Total revenues		3,654		3,249		3,249		-
EXPENDITURES  Current: Public safety  Total expenditures		6,622 6,622		6,217 6,217		3,537 3,537		2,680 2,680
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(	2,968)	(	2,968)	(	288)		2,680
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		3,266		3,266		3,266		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	298	\$	298	\$	2,978	\$	2,680

LAW LIBRARY FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Buc	dgeted Am	ounts				
	Original Final				actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES		.,					
Fines and forfeitures	<u>\$</u> 7	<u>,400</u> \$	7,400	\$	7,740	\$	340
Total revenues	7	<u>,400</u>	7,400		7,740		340
EXPENDITURES  Current:  Legal  Total expenditures	-	,000 ,000	9,000 9,000		11,393 11,393	<u>(                                    </u>	2,393) 2,393)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 1	<u>,600</u> ) <u>(</u>	1,600)		3,653)	(	2,053)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	10	,589	10,589		10,589		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$8	,989 \$ <u></u>	8,989	\$	6,936	\$ <u>(</u>	2,053)

#### MEMORIAL LIBRARY FUND

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	l Amo	unts				
	(	Original		Final		Actual	Final I	nce with Budget - sitive gative)
REVENUES	·	_						
Intergovernmental	\$	700	\$	1,917	\$	1,985	\$	68
Charges for services		4,500		4,918		4,688		(230)
Investment earnings		44		44		463		419
Total revenues		5,244		6,879		7,136		257
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Current:								
Culture and recreation		8,400		10,035		8,025		2,010
Total expenditures		8,400		10,035		8,025		2,010
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(	3,156)		3,156)	(	889)		2,267
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		58,063		58,063		58,063		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	54,907	\$	54,907	\$	57,174	\$	2,267

## SHERIFF FORFEITURE FUND

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Investment earnings	\$ 20	_	<u>\$ 429</u>	<u>\$ 409</u>
Total revenues	2	20	429	409
EXPENDITURES  Current: Public safety  Total expenditures	5,79 5,79		<u>755</u> <u>755</u>	<u>5,036</u> <u>5,036</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	( 5,77	l) <u>( 5,771</u> )	( 326)	5,445
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	55,15	55,154	55,154	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$49,383	<u>3</u> \$ <u>49,383</u>	\$54,828	\$ <u>5,445</u>

## TRUANCY PREVENTION & DIVERSION FUND

## SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts							
	C	)riginal		Final		Actual	Fina P	ance with I Budget - ositive egative)
REVENUES								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	6,200	\$	6,200	\$	4,479	\$ <u>(</u>	1,721)
Total revenues		6,200		6,200		4,479	(	1,721)
EXPENDITURES  Current:  Culture and recreation  Total expenditures		16,335 16,335		16,335 16,335		<u>-</u> 		16,335 16,335
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(	10,135)	(	10,135)	_	4,479	_	14,614
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		9,838		9,838		9,838		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ <u>(</u>	297)	\$ <u>(</u>	297)	\$	14,317	\$	14,614



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court of Jackson County Edna, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jackson County, Texas (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 30, 2023.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Waco, Texas July 25, 2023

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court of Jackson County Edna, Texas

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

## Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Jackson County, Texas' (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained *in Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs.



#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order
  to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal
  control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.
  Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Waco, Texas July 25, 2023

Patillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Pass-Through Grantor/	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures	Pass-Through Expenditures
Federal Awards	.,			
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed through Texas General Land Office: Community Development Block Grant	14.228	20-065-096-C267	\$740,728	<u>\$</u>
Total Texas General Land Office Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			740,728 740,728	
U.S. Department of Justice Direct Programs: Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program State Criminal Alien Assistance Program (SCAAP)	16.606 16.607	N/A N/A	3,227 14,367	<u>-</u>
Total Direct Programs			17,594	
Passed through Texas Office of the Governor: Victims of Crime Formula Grant Total Texas Office of the Governor	16.575	4286601	<u>5,103</u> 5,103	
Passed through Institute for Intergovernmental Research: Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	2021-SWB-0065	148,057 148,057	
Total Institute for Intergovernmental Research			170,754	-
Total U.S. Department of Justice <u>U.S. Department of Transportation</u> Passed through Texas Department of Transportation: Routine Airport Maintenance Program	20.106	M1183EDDN	1,618	
Total Texas Department of Transportation Total U.S. Department of Transportation			1,618 1,618	
U.S. Department of Treasury Passed through the Texas Division of Emergency Management: COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund Total Texas Division of Emergency Management Total U.S. Department of Treasury	21.027	N/A	95 95 95	
National Endowment for the Humanities Passed through Texas State Library and Archives Commission: Community Advancement Package Grant Interlibrary Loan Program Total assistance listing number 45.310 Total Texas State Library and Archives Commission Total National Endowment for the Humanities	45.310 45.310	102078 CAP-22034 903428	3,131 348 3,479 3,479 3,479	<u>:</u> :
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  Passed through Texas Office of the Attorney General: Child Support Enforcement  Total Texas Office of the Attorney General	93.563	N/A	10,177 10,177	<u>-</u>
Passed through Texas Department of Family and Protective Services Title IV-E Legal Services Total Texas Department of Family and Protective Services Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	93.658	N/A	16,308 16,308 26,485	- - -

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures	Pass-Through Expenditures
Federal Awards (continued)				
U.S. Election Assistance Commission Passed through Texas Secretary of State: HAVA Security Grant	90.404	212-04-234	2,695	
Total Texas Secretary of State			2,695	
Total U.S. Election Assistance Commission			2,695	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security  Passed through the Texas Division of Emergency Management:  Disaster Grants-Public Assistance  Total Texas Division of Emergency Management	97.036	DR-4332-TX	9,034 9,034	<u>-</u>
Passed through Texas Office of the Governor: Operation Stonegarden Operation Stonegarden Total assistance listing number 97.067	97.067 97.067	3186405 3186406	16,845 22,686 39,531	- - -
Total Texas Office of the Governor			39,531	
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			48,565	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 994,419	<u>\$ -</u>

## NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting is described in Note I of the basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some of the amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all applicable federal awards programs of the County. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note I of the basic financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies, as well as awards passed through other government agencies, are included on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

#### **Indirect Costs**

The County has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed in the Uniform Guidance.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

#### **Summary of Auditor's Results**

**Financial Statements:** 

Type of auditors' report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

**Federal Awards:** 

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance

for major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required

to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 100.516(a) No

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing Number(s): Name of Program or Cluster:

14.228 Community Development Block Grant

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A

and type B programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are
Required to be Reported in Accordance With
Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

None

**Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards** 

None

# SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

None